

Keyak v2

Leakage-robust authenticated encryption

Guido Bertoni¹ Joan Daemen^{1,2}

Michaël Peeters¹ Gilles Van Assche¹ Ronny Van Keer¹

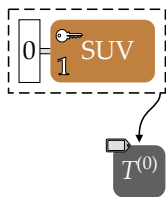
¹STMicroelectronics

²Radboud University

CHES rump session
September 15, 2015

What is Keyak?

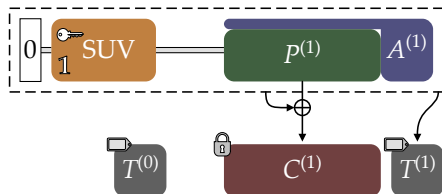
An authenticated-encryption scheme submitted to CAESAR
→ based on Keccak ←



- SUV = Secret and Unique Value
- Works in *sessions*

What is Keyak?

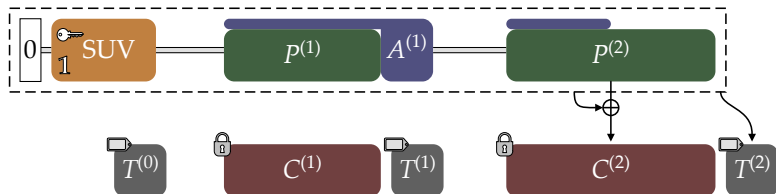
An authenticated-encryption scheme submitted to CAESAR
→ based on Keccak ←



- SUV = Secret and Unique Value
- Works in *sessions*

What is Keyak?

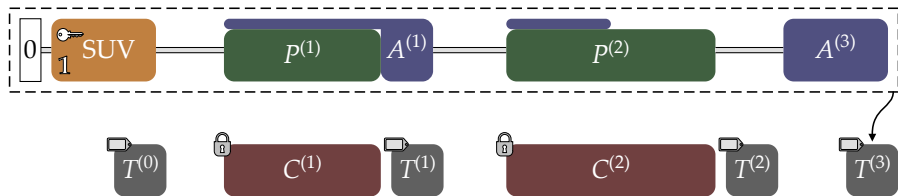
An authenticated-encryption scheme submitted to CAESAR
→ based on Keccak ←



- SUV = Secret and Unique Value
- Works in *sessions*

What is Keyak?

An authenticated-encryption scheme submitted to CAESAR
→ based on Keccak ←



- SUV = Secret and Unique Value
- Works in *sessions*

What is new in Keyak v2?

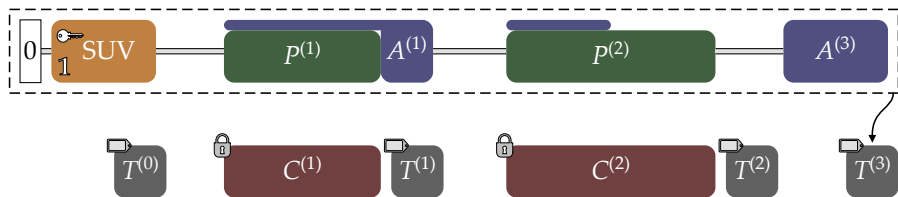
Full-state absorbing! [Mennink, Reyhanitabar and Vizár, 2015]

- More efficient for **long** messages
 - $\approx 2.25\times$ faster than SHAKE128 [FIPS 202]

Combined output usage (tag/keystream)

- More efficient for **short** messages
 - 12 rounds of Keccak- f per message

Why leakage robustness?



- Provided that **uniqueness** is enforced
- then ...
 - the secret state is a *moving target* [Taha, Schaumont, HOST 2014]

Where to find more information?

<http://keyak.noekeon.org/>