

# Secure and Verified Cryptographic Implementations in The Random Probing Model

Abdel Taleb<sup>1,2</sup>

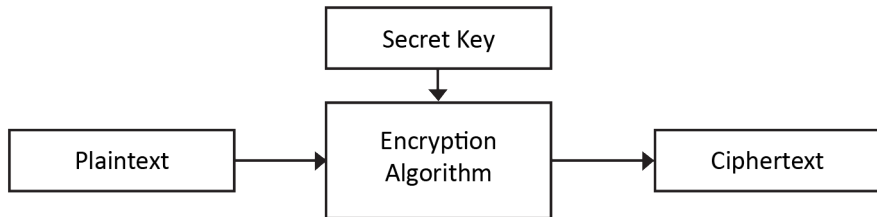
<sup>1</sup> CryptoExperts, France

<sup>2</sup> Sorbonne Université, CNRS, LIP6, F-75005 Paris, France

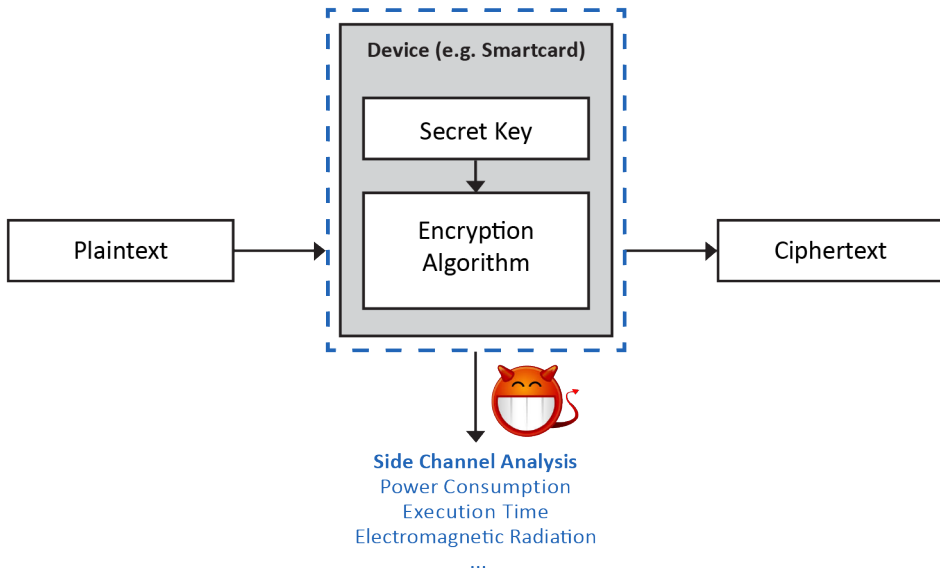
December 3rd, 2021



# Side-Channel Attacks



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# Masking

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Example  $G_{\text{add}}(a, b) = c$  with  $n = 2$

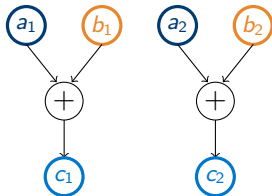
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# Leakage Models

Convenient



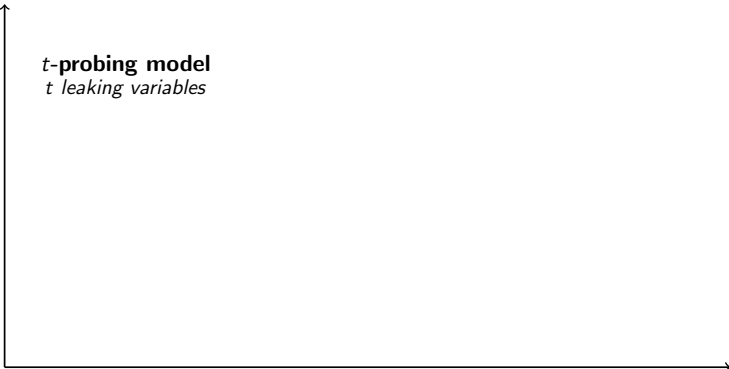
Realistic

# Leakage Models

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***t*-probing model**  
*t* leaking variables

Realistic



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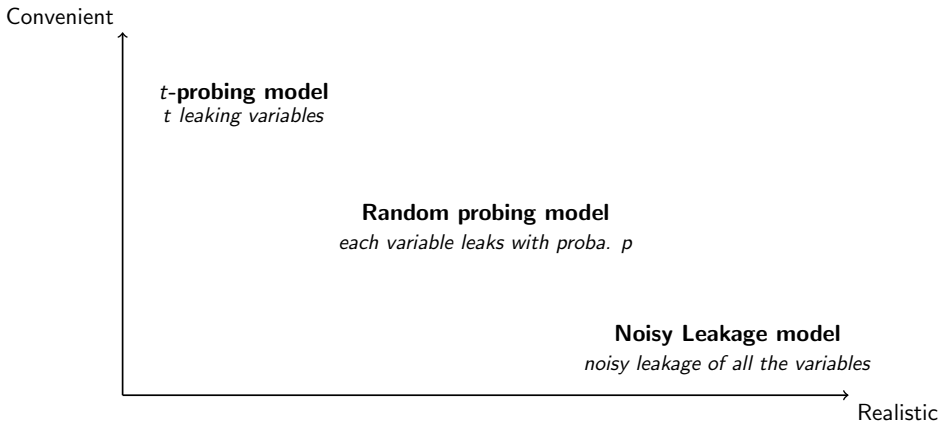
**$t$ -probing model**  
 *$t$  leaking variables*

**Random probing model**  
*each variable leaks with proba.  $p$*

Realistic



# Leakage Models







- Security of masking in the **Random Probing (RP) Model**

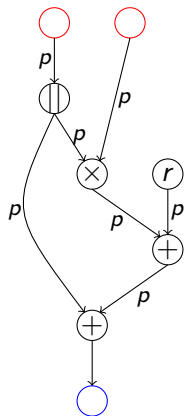
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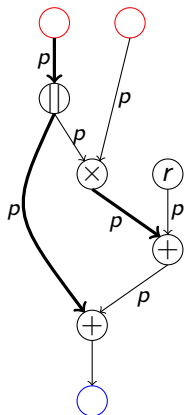
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- **IronMask**: Versatile Verifier of Masking Security

# RP Security



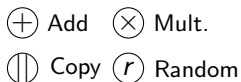
$(p, \epsilon)$ -RP Security

$\oplus$  Add    $\otimes$  Mult.  
 $\parallel$  Copy    $r$  Random

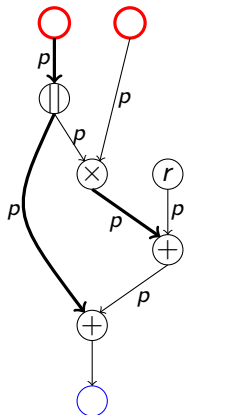


$(p, \epsilon)$ -RP Security

**W** set of wires



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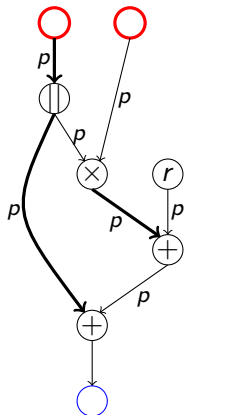
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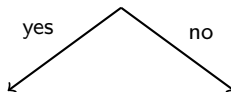
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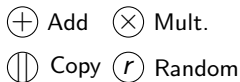
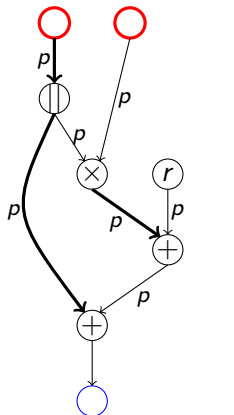
Independent from secret inputs ?

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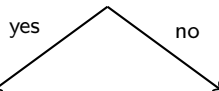


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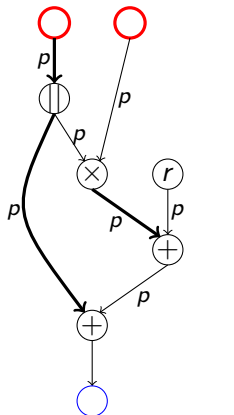


Independent from secret inputs ?



*Simulation Success*

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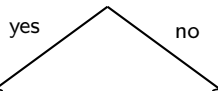


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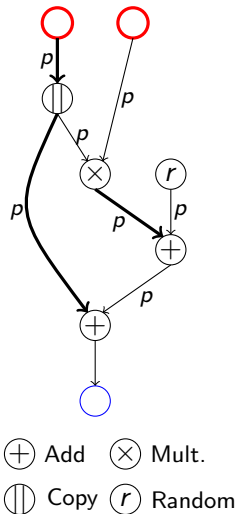


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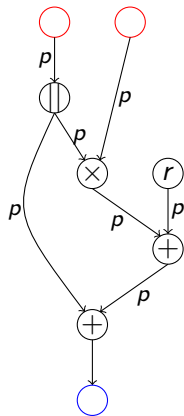
*Simulation Success*

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↓  
*Failure Probability  $\epsilon$*

# RP Security

## Formal Verification : Method

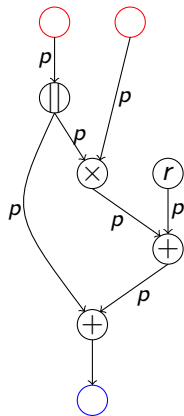


$s$ : number of wires

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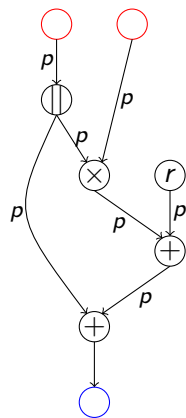


$$Pr(W) = p^{|W|}(1 - p)^{s - |W|}$$

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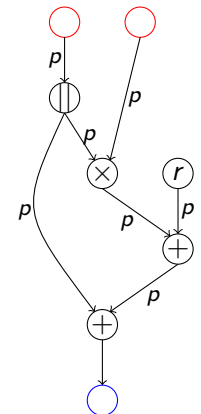
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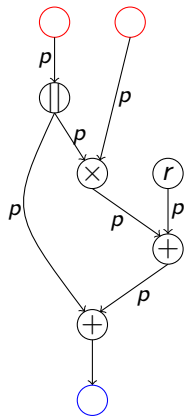


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$$\epsilon = \sum_{i=1}^s c_i p^i (1-p)^{s-i}$$

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Formal Verification : Algorithm (VRAPS Tool)

**Input:** circuit with  $s$  wires

**Output:** coefficients  $c_1, \dots, c_s$

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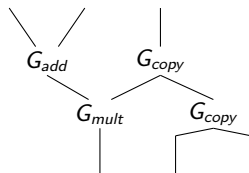
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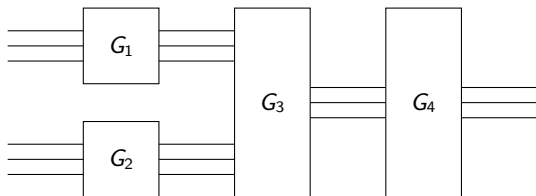
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**Composition** of  $G$  with other RP secure gadgets: ability to simulate any set  $W$  of internal wires and  $t$  output shares using  $t$  input shares

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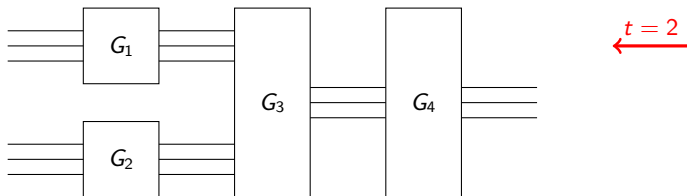
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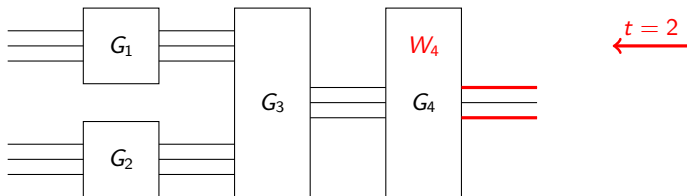
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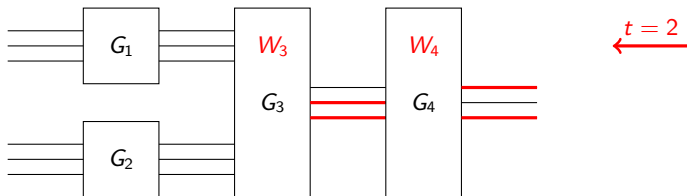
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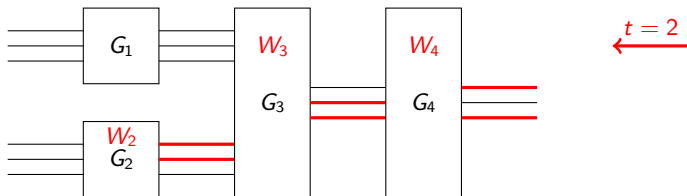
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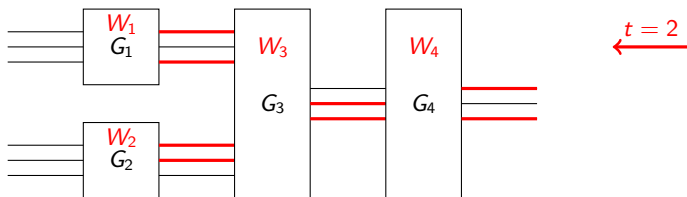
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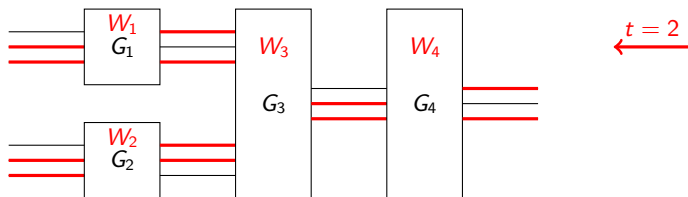




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# RP Expansion

## Illustration

Using  $n$ -share gadgets  $G_1, \dots, G_\beta$

# RP Expansion

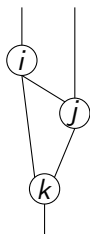
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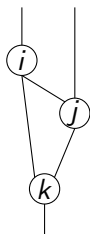
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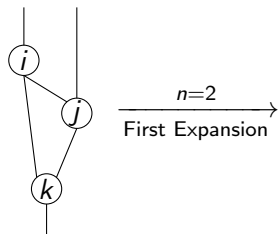


Leakage probability  
 $p$

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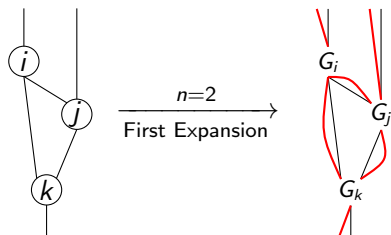


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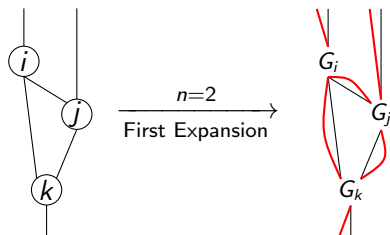


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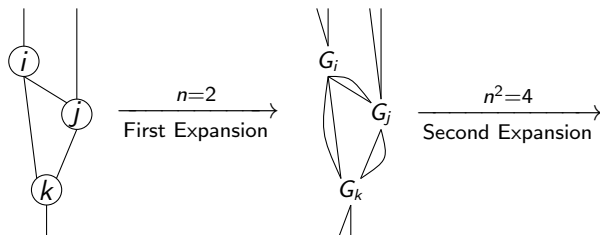
Simulation Failure  
 $\epsilon$



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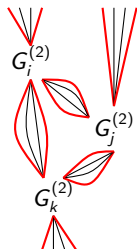
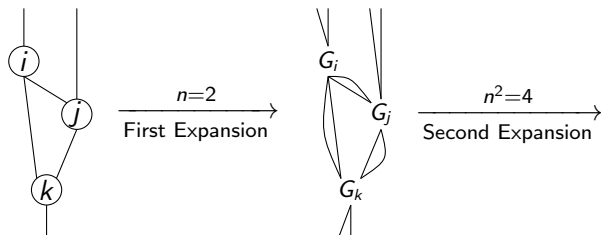
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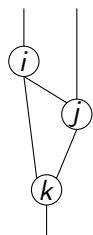
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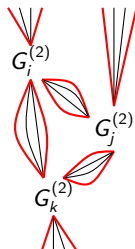
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$n=2$   
First Expansion



$n^2=4$   
Second Expansion



Leakage probability  
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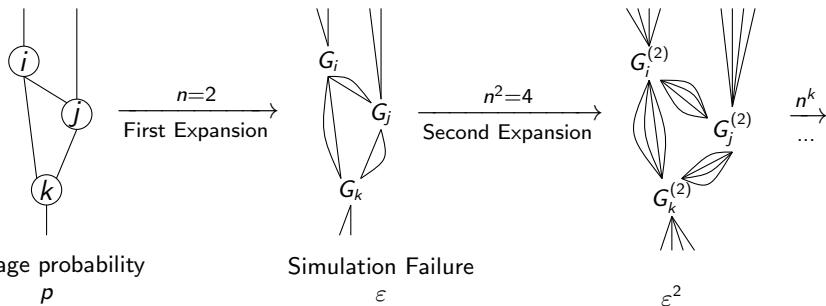
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$\epsilon^2$

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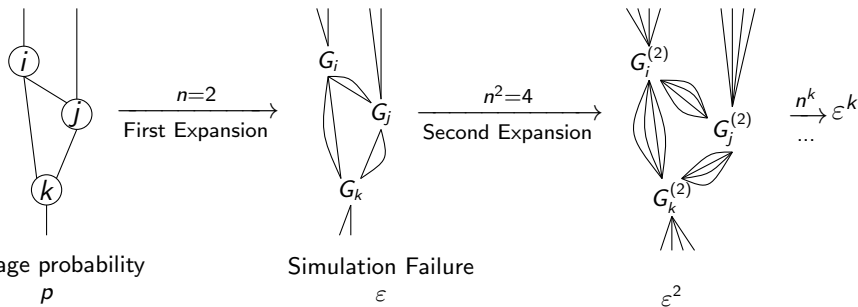
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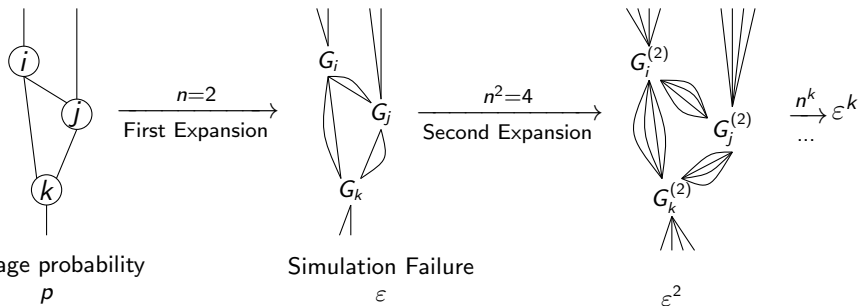
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**Condition :**  $\epsilon < p$  (tolerated leakage rate)

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- $G_1, \dots, G_\beta$  are  $(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE  $\implies$  compiled circuit  $C$  is  $(p, 2 \cdot |C| \cdot \varepsilon^k)$ -RP Secure

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## Parameters

Complexity of expanded circuit  $C$  of security parameter  $\kappa$ :

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$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^e), \quad e = \frac{\log(N_{\max})}{\log(d)}$$

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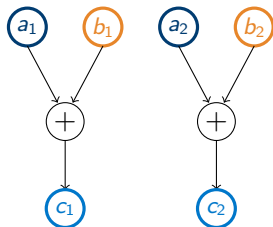
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Example  $t = 1$ ,  $n = 2$





# RP Expansion

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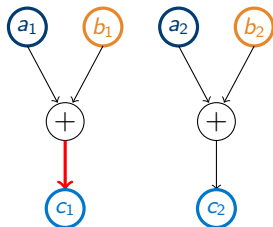
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Output  $c_1 = a_1 + b_1$ ,

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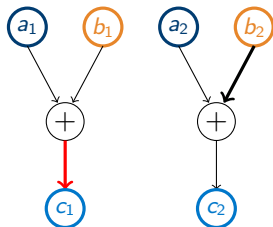
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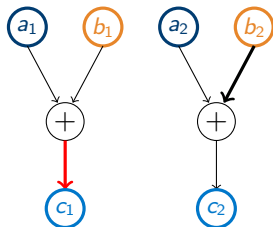
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Simulation needs  $a_1 (\leq t)$  and  $b_1, b_2 (> t)$

# RP Expansion

## Parameters

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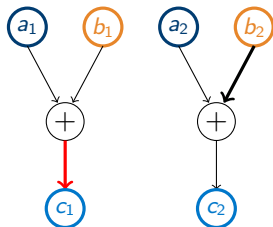
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Failure on  $b$

# RP Expansion

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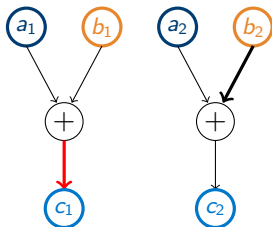
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Simulation needs  $a_1$  ( $\leq t$ ) and  $b_1, b_2$  ( $> t$ )

Failure on  $b \implies \mathbf{d} = |\mathbf{W}| = 1$

# RP Expansion

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- during expansion:  $\varepsilon^k = f^{(k)}(p) = f(f(\dots f(f(p))\dots))$
- higher  $d \implies$  faster decrease in failure probability ( $d_{\max} = \frac{n+1}{2}$ )



# RP Expansion

## Practical 3-share example

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$$G_{copy} : v_0 \leftarrow \mathbf{x}_0 + r_0 + r_1; w_0 \leftarrow \mathbf{x}_0 + r_3 + r_4$$

$$v_1 \leftarrow \mathbf{x}_1 + r_1 + r_2; w_1 \leftarrow \mathbf{x}_1 + r_4 + r_5$$

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# RP Expansion

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# RP Expansion

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$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^{7.5})$$

# RP Expansion

Practical 3-share example



# RP Expansion

## Practical 3-share example

Table 2: Complexity and execution time (in ms, on an Intel i7-8550U CPU) for compiled gadgets  $G_{\text{add}}^{2(k)}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}^{1(k)}$ ,  $G_{\text{mult}}^{1(k)}$  from Section 6 implemented in C.

$k$	# shares	Gadget	Complexity ( $N_a, N_c, N_m, N_r$ )	Execution time
1	3	$G_{\text{add}}^{2(1)}$	(15, 6, 0, 6)	$1,69.10^{-4}$
		$G_{\text{copy}}^{1(1)}$	(12, 9, 0, 6)	$1,67.10^{-4}$
		$G_{\text{mult}}^{1(1)}$	(28, 23, 9, 11)	$5,67.10^{-4}$
2	9	$G_{\text{add}}^{2(2)}$	(297, 144, 0, 144)	$2,21.10^{-3}$
		$G_{\text{copy}}^{1(2)}$	(288, 153, 0, 144)	$2,07.10^{-3}$
		$G_{\text{mult}}^{1(2)}$	(948, 582, 81, 438)	$9,91.10^{-3}$
3	27	$G_{\text{add}}^{2(3)}$	(6183, 3078, 0, 3078)	$9,29.10^{-2}$
		$G_{\text{copy}}^{1(3)}$	(6156, 3105, 0, 3078)	$9,84.10^{-2}$
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# RP Expansion

## Practical 3-share example

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Table 4: Standard and  $n$ -share AES-128 execution time (in ms, on an Intel i7-8550U CPU) using compiled gadgets  $G_{\text{add}}^{2(k)}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}^{1(k)}$ ,  $G_{\text{mult}}^{1(k)}$ .

AES Version	Execution Time (in ms)	
	Encryption	Decryption
Standard (no sharing)	0.06	0.05
3-share ( $k = 1$ )	1.08	1.07
9-share ( $k = 2$ )	11.71	10.26
27-share ( $k = 3$ )	200.29	197.70

$(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE compiler with  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$ ,  $G_{\text{mult}}$  should:

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$(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE compiler with  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$ ,  $G_{\text{mult}}$  should:

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- tolerate a good leakage rate  $p_{\text{max}}$

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**Goal:** construct **generic** gadgets achieving  $d_{\text{max}}$

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**Idea:**



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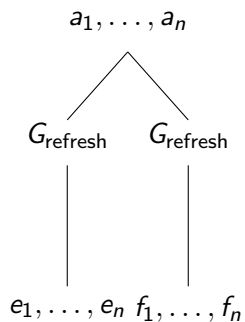
**Goal:** construct **generic** gadgets achieving  $d_{\text{max}}$

**Idea:**

- build  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$  from single building block  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  (easier conception)
- use  $G_{\text{mult}}$  from state of the art (e.g. ISW, ...)

# Generic Constructions

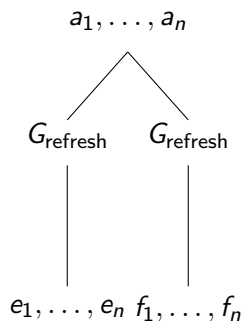
## Copy Gadget



# Generic Constructions

## Copy Gadget

$(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}} \implies$   
 $(t, p, \varepsilon')$ -RPE  $G_{\text{copy}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}}$

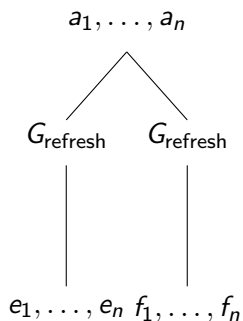


# Generic Constructions

## Copy Gadget

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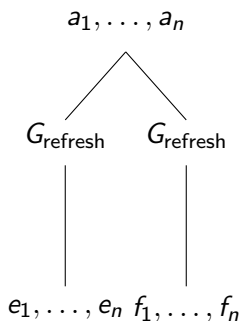
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# Generic Constructions

## Copy Gadget

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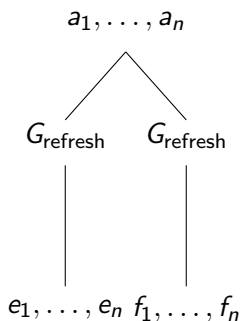
Idea:

- probes on  $G_{\text{copy}} =$  **left** probes on  $G_{\text{refresh}} \cup$   
**right** probes on  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  (independent)

# Generic Constructions

## Copy Gadget

$(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}} \implies$   
 $(t, p, \varepsilon')$ -RPE  $G_{\text{copy}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}}$

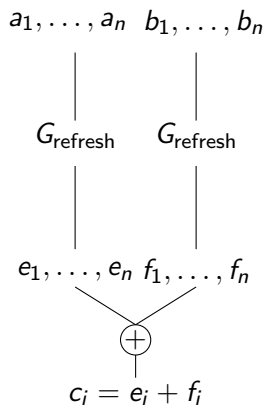


Idea:

- probes on  $G_{\text{copy}} =$  **left** probes on  $G_{\text{refresh}} \cup$  **right** probes on  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  (independent)
- **left** simulation success + **right** simulation success  $\implies$  overall simulation success

# Generic Constructions

## Addition Gadget



# Generic Constructions

## Addition Gadget

$a_1, \dots, a_n \quad b_1, \dots, b_n$

$G_{\text{refresh}} \quad G_{\text{refresh}}$

$e_1, \dots, e_n \quad f_1, \dots, f_n$

$\oplus$

$c_i = e_i + f_i$

$(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}} \implies$   
 $(t, p, \varepsilon')$ -RPE  $G_{\text{add}}$  achieves **at least**  $\frac{d_{\text{max}}}{2}$



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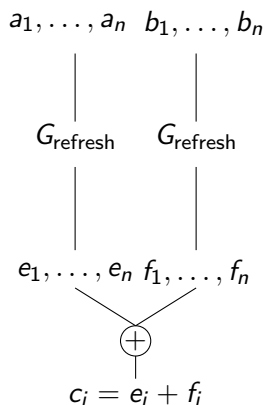
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# Generic Constructions

## Addition Gadget



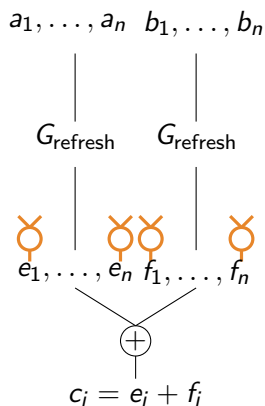
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- **exception:** potential internal probes on  $\{e_i\}_{i \in [n]}$ ,  $\{f_i\}_{i \in [n]}$  (output shares of  $G_{\text{refresh}}$ s)

# Generic Constructions

## Addition Gadget



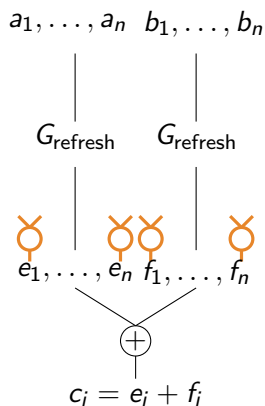
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# Generic Constructions

## Addition Gadget



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- double number of probes  $\implies$  at least  $d_{\text{max}}/2$

# Generic Constructions

ISW Gadget

# Generic Constructions

ISW-based construction

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ISW-based construction

ISW  $G_{\text{refresh}}$   $\longrightarrow$  RPE achieving  $d_{\text{max}} = \frac{n+1}{2}$



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**Why?**

# Generic Constructions

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### Why?

- direct product of input shares

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- $W = \{a_1 \times b_1, \dots, a_{t+1} \times b_{t+1}\}$  simulation needs  $t+1$  shares of  $a$  and  $b$

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- $W = \{a_1 \times b_1, \dots, a_{t+1} \times b_{t+1}\}$  simulation needs  $t+1$  shares of  $a$  **and**  $b$
- Failure on both inputs with independent failure events

# Generic Constructions

## New Multiplication Gadget

Inputs  $a, b$  (illustration with 3 shares)

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right) + \left( \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right)$$



# Generic Constructions

## New Multiplication Gadget

Inputs  $a, b$  (illustration with 3 shares)

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \cdot b_1 & a_1 \cdot b_2 & a_1 \cdot b_3 \\ a_2 \cdot b_1 & a_2 \cdot b_2 & a_2 \cdot b_3 \\ a_3 \cdot b_1 & a_3 \cdot b_2 & a_3 \cdot b_3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} p_{1,1} + p_{1,2} + p_{1,3} \\ p_{2,1} + p_{2,2} + p_{2,3} \\ p_{3,1} + p_{3,2} + p_{3,3} \end{pmatrix}$$

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**Output**  $C = V + X$

# Generic Constructions

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Non-standard  $G_{\text{mult}}$

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where  $b, b, b$  are three independent fresh copies of  $b$  using  $G_{\text{refresh}}$

# Generic Constructions

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where  $b_1, b_2, b_3$  are three independent fresh copies of  $b$  using  $G_{\text{refresh}}$

- $G_{\text{refresh}}(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE achieves  $d_{\text{max}} \implies G_{\text{mult}}(t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE achieves  $d_{\text{max}}$



# Generic Constructions

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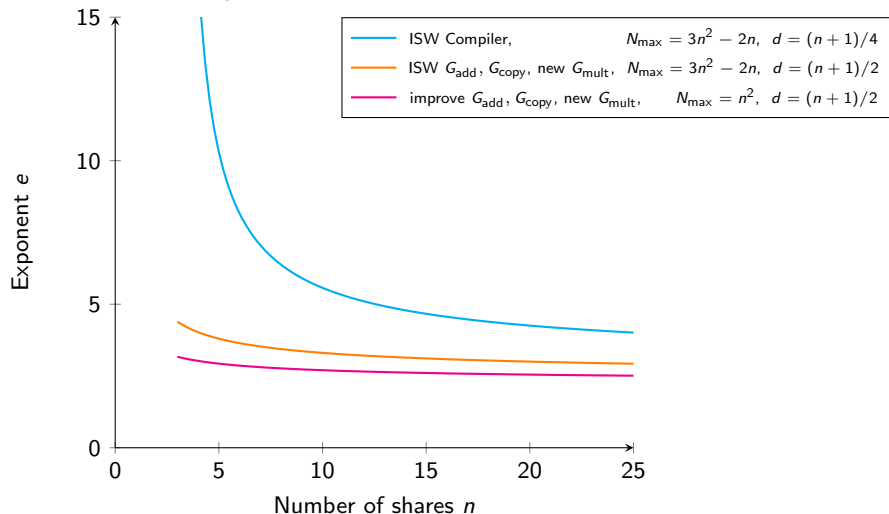
where  $b, b, b$  are three independent fresh copies of  $b$  using  $G_{\text{refresh}}$

- $G_{\text{refresh}} (t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE achieves  $d_{\text{max}} \implies G_{\text{mult}} (t, p, \varepsilon)$ -RPE achieves  $d_{\text{max}}$
- New  $G_{\text{mult}}$  achieves  $d_{\text{max}} = \frac{n+1}{2}$  (unlike ISW mult.)

# Generic Constructions

## Asymptotic Complexity

$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^e), \quad e = \frac{\log(N_{\max})}{d}$$



# Concrete RPE instantiations

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3-share

$$G_{ref} : c_1 \leftarrow a_1 + r_1$$

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Construction	$d_{max}$	Complexity	Tolerated Leakage rate
[C20] 3-share	3/2	$\mathcal{O}( C  \cdot \kappa^{7.5})$	$p = 2^{-8}$
[EC21] 3-share	2	$\mathcal{O}( C  \cdot \kappa^{3.9})$	$p = 2^{-7.5}$
[EC21] 5-share	3	$\mathcal{O}( C  \cdot \kappa^{3.2})$	$2^{-12} \leq p \leq 2^{-6}$



# Dynamic RP Expansion

Idea

Using RPE compilers  $CC_1, \dots, CC_\ell$  with numbers of shares  $n_1, \dots, n_\ell$

$C \xrightarrow[k_1 \text{ times}]{CC_1}$

Leakage  
rate  $p$

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$$C \xrightarrow[k_1 \text{ times}]{CC_1} \hat{C}_1$$

Leakage rate  $p$

$$\varepsilon_1^{k_1} = f_1^{(k_1)}(p)$$

$n_1^{k_1}$  shares

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$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Leakage} \\ \text{rate } p \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} n_1^{k_1} \text{ shares} \\ \varepsilon_1^{k_1} = f_1^{(k_1)}(p) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} n_2^{k_2} \cdot n_1^{k_1} \text{ shares} \\ \varepsilon_2^{k_2} = f_2^{(k_2)}(f_1^{(k_1)}(p)) \end{array}$$

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Leakage rate  $p$

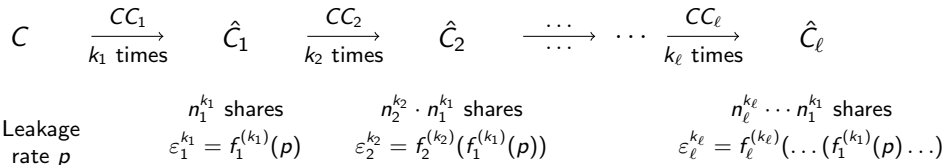
$$\varepsilon_1^{k_1} = f_1^{(k_1)}(p) \quad \varepsilon_2^{k_2} = f_2^{(k_2)}(f_1^{(k_1)}(p))$$

$n_1^{k_1}$  shares                       $n_2^{k_2} \cdot n_1^{k_1}$  shares

# Dynamic RP Expansion

Idea

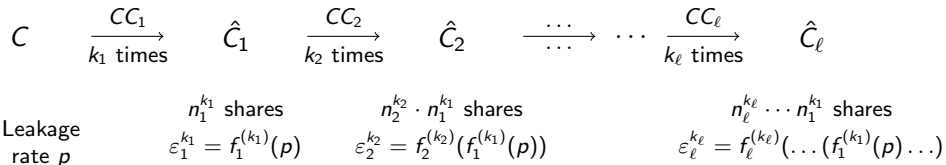
Using RPE compilers  $CC_1, \dots, CC_\ell$  with numbers of shares  $n_1, \dots, n_\ell$



# Dynamic RP Expansion

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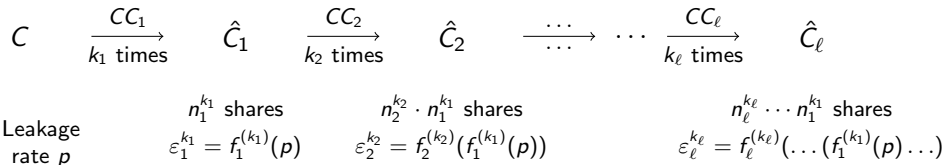
**Conditions:**  $\varepsilon_1 < p$ ,  $\varepsilon_2 < \varepsilon_1^{k_1}$ ,  $\dots$ ,  $\varepsilon_\ell < \varepsilon_{\ell-1}^{k_{\ell-1}}$



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**Conditions:**  $\varepsilon_1 < p$ ,  $\varepsilon_2 < \varepsilon_1^{k_1}$ ,  $\dots$ ,  $\varepsilon_\ell < \varepsilon_{\ell-1}^{k_{\ell-1}}$

**Why?**

# Dynamic RP Expansion

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$n$ -share RPE compilers:

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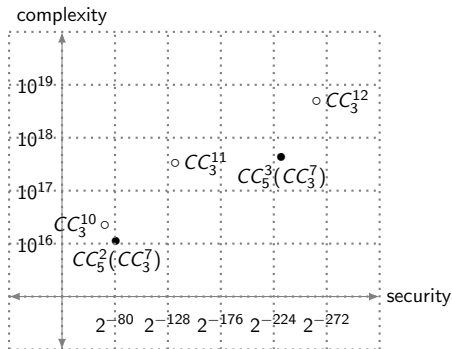
- **small**  $n$ : fewer sets of probes that reveal the secret  $\implies$  tolerate better leakage rate  $p$
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# Dynamic RP Expansion

## Motivation

$n$ -share RPE compilers:

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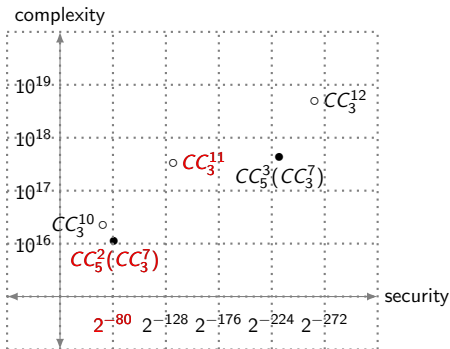
Complexity and security level of RP AES starting from tolerated leakage of  $p = 2^{-7.6}$  using 3-share  $CC_3$  and 5-share  $CC_5$  from EC21

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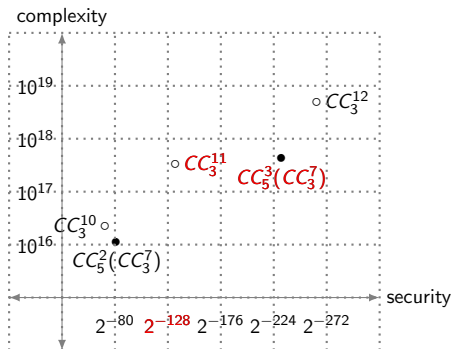
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- look for gadgets with **small** number of shares tolerating the best leakage rate (eventually with high complexity)
  
- look for gadgets which achieve maximal amp. order for **any** number shares with low asymptotic complexity

# Linear Gadgets

## Building Block

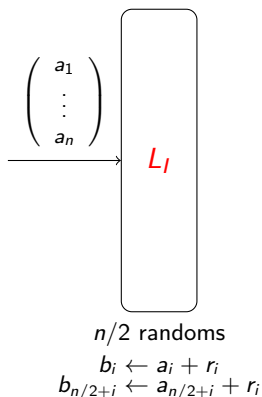
$\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  refresh gadget  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  by *Battistello et al.* - CHES 2016:

$$\begin{array}{c} \left( \begin{array}{c} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{array} \right) \\ \hline \longrightarrow \end{array}$$

# Linear Gadgets

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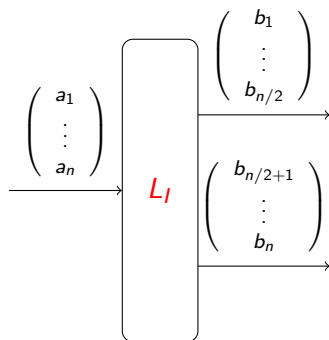
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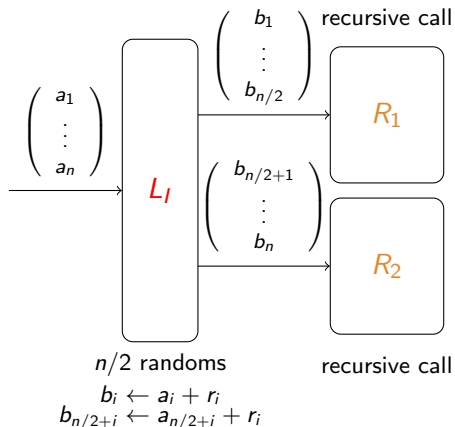
$n/2$  randoms

$$b_i \leftarrow a_i + r_i$$
$$b_{n/2+i} \leftarrow a_{n/2+i} + r_i$$

# Linear Gadgets

## Building Block

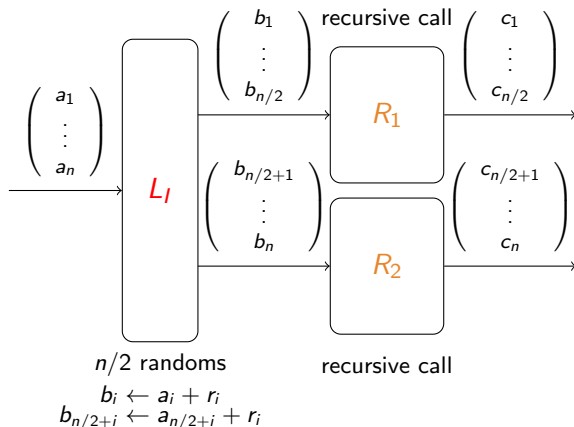
$\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  refresh gadget  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  by Battistello et al. - CHES 2016:



# Linear Gadgets

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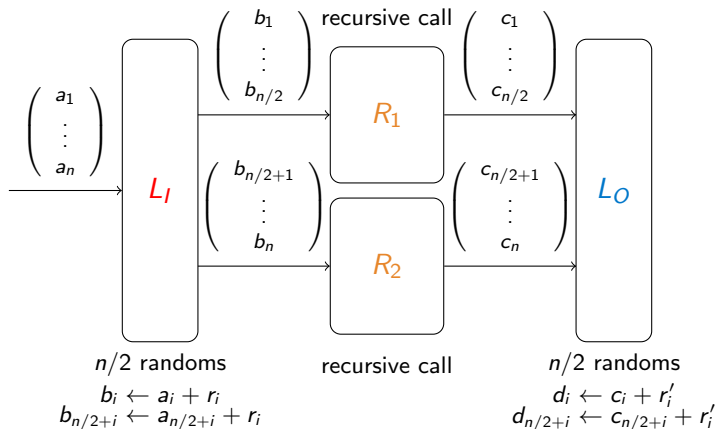
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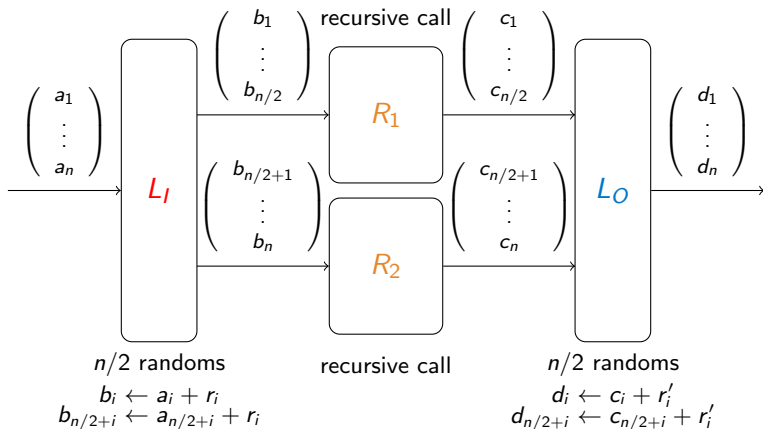




# Linear Gadgets

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$\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  refresh gadget  $G_{\text{refresh}}$  by Battistello et al. - CHES 2016:



# Linear Gadgets

## Building Block

Example (4 shares):

$$d_1 \leftarrow (a_1 + r_1) + r_3 + r_5$$

$$d_2 \leftarrow (a_2 + r_2) + r_3 + r_6$$

$$d_3 \leftarrow (a_3 + r_1) + r_4 + r_5$$

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# Linear Gadgets

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- proven by *Battistello et al.* to be  $(n - 1)$ -SNI in the probing model
- proven in **our work** to satisfy stronger requirements to be used as a building block for RPE secure constructions (extension of requirements proposed by *Belaïd et al.* - *EuroCrypt 2021*)

# Linear Gadgets

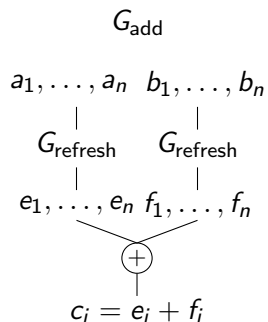
## Constructions

Using  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$   $G_{\text{refresh}}$

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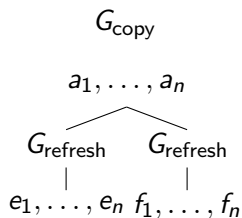
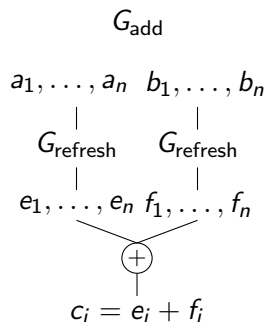
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# Linear Gadgets

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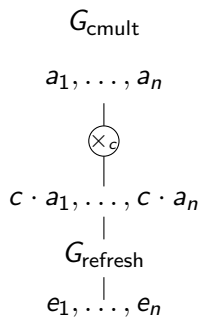
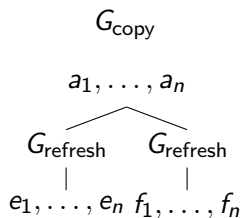
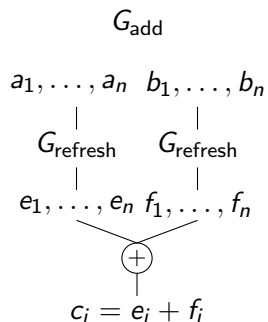
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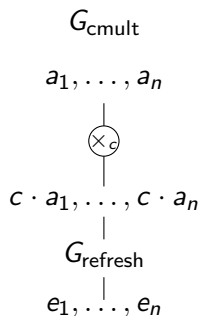
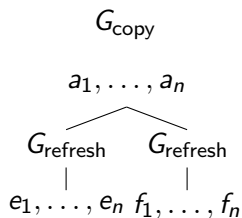
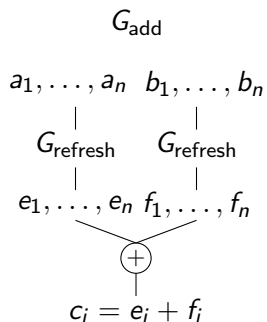




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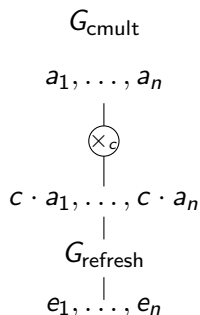
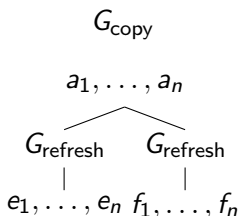
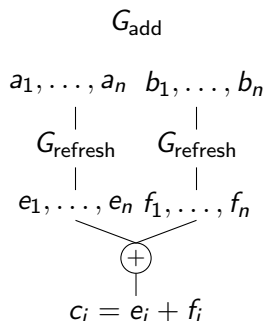


- Complexity in  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$

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- Complexity in  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$
- RPE secure with  $d = d_{\text{max}} = \frac{n+1}{2}$

# Multiplication Gadget

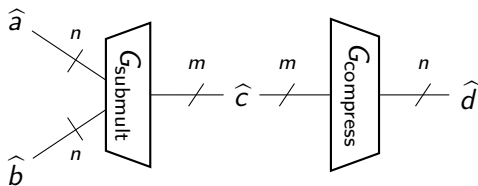
Construction from  $G_{\text{submult}}$ ,  $G_{\text{compress}}$

$G_{\text{mult}}$  (over  $\mathbb{K}$ ) construction from 2 subgadgets

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Extension of  $G_{\text{submult}}$  by *Belaïd et al.* - *Crypto 2017*

Inputs  $a, b$  (illustration with 3 shares), field  $\mathbb{K}$

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$$c_1 \leftarrow ((r_1 + a_1) + (r_2 + a_2) + (r_3 + a_3)) \cdot ((s_1 + b_1) + (s_2 + b_2) + (s_3 + b_3))$$

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$$c_5 \leftarrow -s_1 \cdot ((\gamma_{1,1} \cdot r_1 + a_1) + (\gamma_{1,2} \cdot r_2 + a_2) + (\gamma_{1,3} \cdot r_3 + a_3))$$

$$c_6 \leftarrow -s_2 \cdot ((\gamma_{2,1} \cdot r_1 + a_1) + (\gamma_{2,2} \cdot r_2 + a_2) + (\gamma_{2,3} \cdot r_3 + a_3))$$

$$c_7 \leftarrow -s_3 \cdot ((\gamma_{3,1} \cdot r_1 + a_1) + (\gamma_{3,2} \cdot r_2 + a_2) + (\gamma_{3,3} \cdot r_3 + a_3))$$

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Extension of  $G_{\text{submult}}$  by *Belaïd et al.* - *Crypto 2017*

$G_{\text{submult}}$

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- performs  $2n + 1$  multiplications operations
- performs  $2n^2$  multiplications by a constant
- is proven to be secure for  $G_{\text{mult}}$  RPE secure construction, **for the right choice of constants in  $\gamma$**  (can be chosen uniformly at random if the field is large enough)

# Multiplication Gadget

New Construction of  $G_{\text{compress}}$

The  $[m : n]$ -compression gadget proposed by *Belaïd et al.* - *Crypto 2017* is not secure as claimed

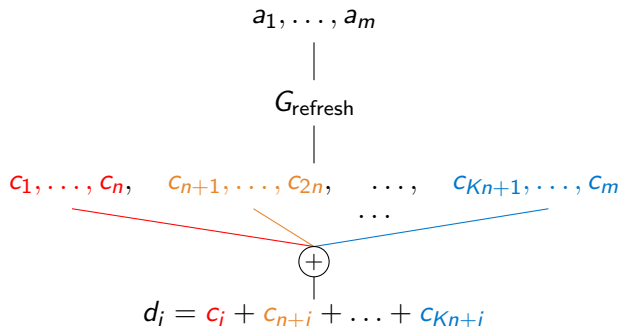


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New Compression gadget



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New Construction of  $G_{\text{compress}}$

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New Construction of  $G_{\text{compress}}$

New  $G_{\text{compress}}$

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# Multiplication Gadget

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- using  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$   $G_{\text{refresh}}$ , has complexity  $\mathcal{O}(m \log m)$

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Using  $G_{\text{submult}}$  described earlier, and new  $G_{\text{compress}}$ , we get  $G_{\text{mult}}$ :

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- uses  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  random values
- is RPE secure with amplification order  $d = d_{\text{max}} = \frac{n+1}{2}$

# New RPE Compiler

With Quasi-Linear Asymptotic Complexity

New Linear gadgets  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$ ,  $G_{\text{cmult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  complexity

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New  $G_{\text{mult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n)$  multiplications between variables

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New  $G_{\text{mult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n)$  multiplications between variables

All gadgets of amplification order  $d = \frac{n+1}{2}$

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With Quasi-Linear Asymptotic Complexity

New Linear gadgets  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$ ,  $G_{\text{cmult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  complexity

New  $G_{\text{mult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n)$  multiplications between variables

All gadgets of amplification order  $d = \frac{n+1}{2}$

Complexity of expansion of a circuit  $C$ :

$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^e), \quad e = \frac{\log(N_{\text{max}})}{\log(d)}$$

# New RPE Compiler

With Quasi-Linear Asymptotic Complexity

New Linear gadgets  $G_{\text{add}}$ ,  $G_{\text{copy}}$ ,  $G_{\text{cmult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  complexity

New  $G_{\text{mult}}$  with  $\mathcal{O}(n)$  multiplications between variables

All gadgets of amplification order  $d = \frac{n+1}{2}$

Complexity of expansion of a circuit  $C$ :

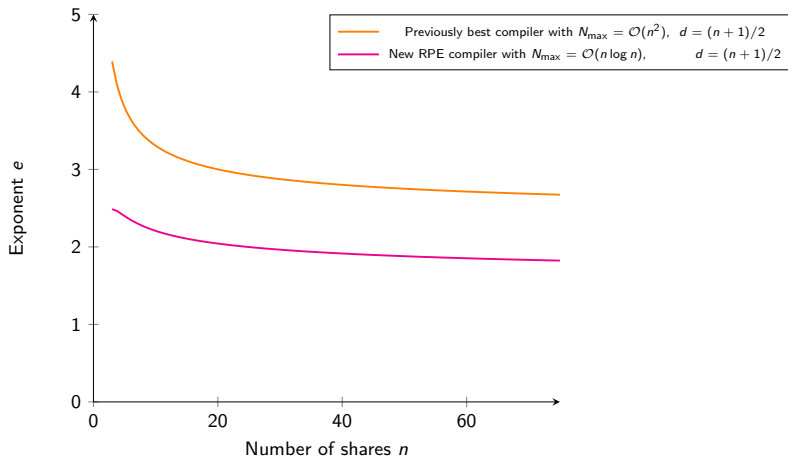
$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^e), \quad e = \frac{\log(N_{\text{max}})}{\log(d)}$$

$N_{\text{max}} \approx \max(\# \times \text{ in } G_{\text{mult}}, \#(+, ||) \text{ in } G_{\text{add}}, G_{\text{copy}}, \# \times_c \text{ in } G_{\text{cmult}}) = \mathcal{O}(n \log n)$

# New RPE Compiler

With Quasi-Linear Asymptotic Complexity

$$\mathcal{O}(|C| \cdot \kappa^e), \quad e = \frac{\log(N_{\max})}{\log(d)}$$





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## Future Work

- Look for gadgets which tolerate the best leakage rate
- Upcoming practical projects: analysis of RP secure circuits in real-life leakage settings